

## Factsheet DENMARK

This fact	tsheet is part of the EMCDDA	Take-home naloxone – topic overview		
_	Geographical coverage	66 local municipalities providing opioid substitution treatment (OST).		
General information	Type of Intervention	Initially a pilot study, followed by two 3-year project periods (2013-2015; 2016-2018) and a nationally coordinated take-home naloxone programme (2020-2021)		
inf	Starting year	2010		
eneral	Settings	Low-threshold setting; in-patient rehabilitation-, treatment- and substitution treatment centers.  General approach; to train drug-users and bystanders to reverse an overdose		
U		- in cooperation with local staff.		
	Prescription	The regulatory framework is demanding a structured training system to provide delegation of naloxone by the prescribing doctor.		
tory	Distribution	The rules on delegation from a medical doctor are not changed.		
enge	Administration	N/A		
Regulatory challenges	Barriers	The main obstacle to a broader diffusion of naloxone is the high price per THN-unit, and the frame of delegation and the overall responsibility of the medical doctor.		
Medication	Product(s) used	Prenoxad®; Narcan®; Nalscue® in different phases of the project. Since 2018: Nyxoid ®. (It is planned to also use Ventizolve in the future, a nasal product currently on the brink of being marketed: https://myhealthbox.eu/da/ventizolve-126-mg-nasal-spray-solution-in-single-dose-container/5161922)		
	Application	* nasal * both: Prenoxad applied with nasal atomizer; during the first phase 2013-2016 the trained people were instructed to give the 5th dose of prenoxad i.m.		
	Content of THN Kit	From the pilot project: ready to use nasal application tool (Narcan®)  * off-licence nasal application tool  * pre-filled syringe with needles (Prenoxad®)  * re-fill questionnaire  * first aid instructions, e.g. emergency telephone number, ABC  * other: certificate, action card, data card prenoxad		
	Number of doses per kit	Number of doses needed to reverse 1 overdose		
	Distribution of THN	From the project, Copenhagen:		
ing		*on-site at low threshold agencies		
tori		* on-site at outpatient treatment centers  * to clients of OST programmes		
oni		* in prison setting/on release		
Ε_		* re-fill provided from local trainer upon the reporting of the use		
l iii		The new nationally coordinated project will focus on outpatient OST clients.		
aj.	Mandatory training	Yes		
Distribution, refill and post-training monitoring	Content of training	From the project, Copenhagen: * recognising overdose symptoms		
þ		* overdose management		
<u>a</u>		* aftercare procedures, including admitting the patient to the care of		
efil		professional treatment * cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) training		
, آ ج		* effects of naloxone		
lior		* possible adverse reactions to naloxone		
pní		* possible risks and benefits of THN-programme		
stri		* application of naloxone		
□		* how to store naloxone		

\* legal aspects

	* practicing of the skills trained
	* other: implication of acting as the doctors assistant after training: certificate,
	action card, data card
Training format	From the project, Copenhagen:
	* brief training in low-threshold or waiting settings (up to 15 min.)
	* standard training with structured teaching session: 1 hour + number of
	sessions: 1
	* advanced training: 4 hours + number of sessions: 1
	* refresh sessions provided
	* other: brief training will be possible under the new interpretation of the rules
	From the project, Copenhagen:
Content of questionnaire	* reason for re-fill
for refill	* description of the drug emergency/ situation
	* ambulance involved
	* outcome of emergency
	* new delegation of naloxone to helper
Post-training monitoring	From the project, Copenhagen
	Yes
	* interview or questionnaire when THN programme client returns for re-fill
	* systematic follow-up with all THN recipients
	* independent evaluation of each project
	The nationally coordinated project foresees follow up with a short interview of
	trainers one month after the training course and a longer interview after 3-4
	months focusing on barriers in the implementation of naloxone training.

	Inception and training	Estimates done by the pilot projects:		
	development	*health professionals: 1700 hours/ year		
Se	·	* physicians: 400 hours/year		
		* agency staff: 40 hours/year		
		for coordinating unit only		
	Implementation and	Estimates done by the pilot projects:		
2	monitoring	*staff: 1900 hours/year		
resources		* update of training material: 37 hours/year		
) e		* post-training monitoring: 100 hours/year		
and		* administration: 40 hours/year		
		* drafting final report		
Performance	Price of THN kits	The pharmacy price for a unit (1 ml ampoule) with 0,4mg/ml naloxone		
lar 		hydrochloride solution for injection/infusion is 11 EUR. The Narcan pack		
		contains 20 units (78EUR), Nalscue contains 9 units per pack (22 EUR) and		
ا <del>پا</del> ر		the Prenoxad syringe (35 EUR) contains 5 units, thus price per unit varied		
A A		between 2,50 EUR-7,00/11,00 EUR. Depending on the product, several units		
		may need to be used to reverse an overdose.		
	Source of funding	Programme	* integrated part of the general budget of the facility	
			* specific national funding	
			* local governments releases staff to project	
		Training (if different)	* specific national funding	

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	Project reports,	
	evaluations and	No official project reports are available yet from the nationally coordinated project.
	scientific papers	
		Thylstrup B, Hesse M, Jørgensen M, Thiesen H. One opioid user saving another: The first
		study of an opioid overdose-reversal and naloxone distribution program addressing hard-to-
ou		reach drug scenes in Denmark. Harm Reduct J [Internet]. 2019;16(1):1–9. Available from:
ati		https://link.springer.com/article/10.1186/s12954-019-0328-0
ΙĘ		Ending and a self-of and a self-of above
Additional information		Earlier reports on pilot and project phases:
<u>a</u>		Depart 1: Thissen II. Deamussen III. Kiser I. Faraga med distribusting of Nelsyan til
Ö		Report 1: Thiesen H, Rasmussen LH, Kjaer J. Forsøg med distribuering af Naloxon til stofafhængige til forebyggelse af opioid-overdosisdødsfald [Evaluation of a trial to distribute
i iii		naloxone to people who use drugs to prevent opioid overdose deaths] [Internet].
β		Copenhagen; 2013. Available from:
`		https://sundhedsteamet.kk.dk/sites/sundhedsteamet.kk.dk/files/overdosisrapport 2013 2.pdf
		intps://sununeusteamet.kk.uk/sites/sununeusteamet.kk.uk/iiles/overuosisrapport_2015_2.pur
		Report 2: Thiesen H. RED LIV - En evaluering af forebyggelse af opioid-overdosisdødsfald
		med NALOXON [RED LIV - An evaluation of opioid overdose prevention with NALOXON]
		[Internet]. Copenhagen; 2016. Available from:
		[Internet]. Copenhagen, 2010. Available nom.

	https://sundhedsteamet.kk.dk/sites/sundhedsteamet.kk.dk/files/redliv_rapport-2016_1.pdf  Report 3: Thiesen H. Projekt med distribuering af naloxon til stofafhaengige til forebyggelse
	af opioid-overdosesdodsfals. 2016 -2018 Afrapportiering og faglige anvisninger [Naloxone distribution project for people who use drugs to prevent opioid overdose deaths. 2016-2018 Re [Internet]. Copenhagen; 2019. Available from:
	https://sundhedsteamet.kk.dk/sites/sundhedsteamet.kk.dk/files/red_liv_2016-2018_afrapportering_og_faglige_anvisninger.pdf Instruction video: https://vimeo.com/400180290
Training materials	
Contacts	The Danish Health Authority FOB@SST.dk Islands Brygge 67 2300 København S sst@sst.dk Telefon: 72 22 74 00 Fax: 44 88 95 99

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